GROUP 2025

Conversate: Supporting Reflective Learning in Interview Practice Through Interactive Simulation and Dialogic Feedback

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Job Interview Practice

Research has shown that mock interviews can prepare candidates better (Huss et al., 2017).

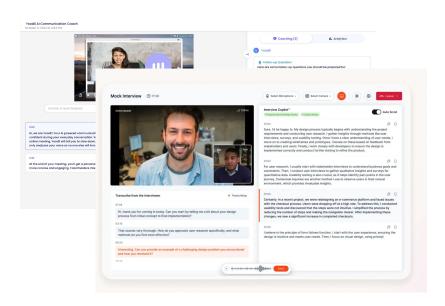
However, not all individuals have access to career counselors for mock interview settings.



To address this challenge, both industry and academia have begun to explore the potential of AI to facilitate interview practice

Trends in Leveraging LLM for Interview Practice

Tech companies have developed LLM-based interview practice systems to support interview simulations and provide feedback



"However, there is limited study on how users interact with or perceive LLM-based interview preparation."

(e.g., Yoodli, FinalRoundAI)

Limitation of Current Interview Practice Tools

Additionally, the common limitation of commercially available AI-based interview practice systems is that **their feedback is unidirectional**



However, researchers argue that **feedback should actively involve the user in the learning process** rather than just delivering assessments (Boud, 2015)

Better Way to Provide Feedback

For feedback to be effective, the **feedback loop must be closed**, meaning that feedback is not only provided but also understood, and acted upon by the learners (Boud, 2015)

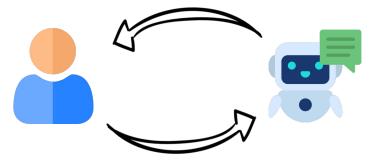


One way to achieve this is through a "Dialogic Feedback"

Background

Dialogic Feedback

"Dialogic feedback is learning about and from feedback that takes place through dialogue, and involves students in interpretational meaning making about the feedback" (Steen et al., 2017)



Background

Dialogic Feedback

Four potentialities for learning (Steen et al., 2017)

Emotional and relational support

Facilitating a supportive learning environment using empathetic language is important

Maintenance of the dialogue

Engaging in a dialogue and ensuring the continuation of the feedback dialogue

Opportunities to express themselves

Allowing learners to articulate their thoughts and reflect on their understandings within the dialogue

Contribution to individual growth

Providing feedback and bringing in new knowledge as learners express themself to support individual growth

Implementing Dialogic Feedback

- 1. **Emotional and relational support:** The LLM is prompted to acknowledge the user's answer in a supportive manner by offering constructive feedback
- 2. **Maintenance of the dialogue:** Upon receiving feedback, users can ask additional questions to deepen their understanding. The AI will then further engage by responding to the user, thereby maintaining a continuous dialogue with the user.
- 3. **Opportunities for users to express themselves:** During the dialogic feedback process, we added a revision feature for users to revise their answers by clicking the record button and revising their responses post-feedback.
- 4. **Contribution to individual growth:** After users revise their answers, the LLM will provide feedback again, and users can continue revising repeatedly.

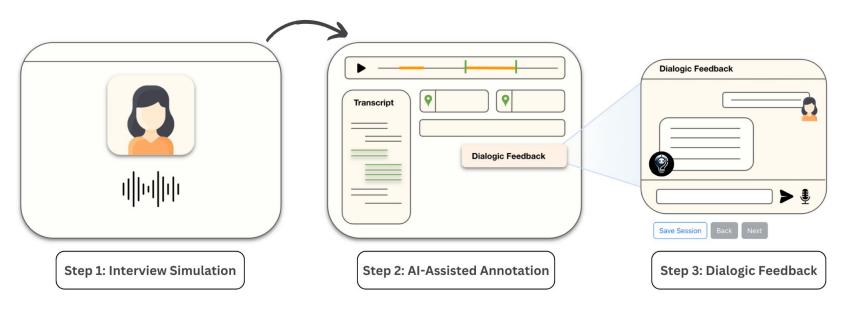
Background

Reflective Learning

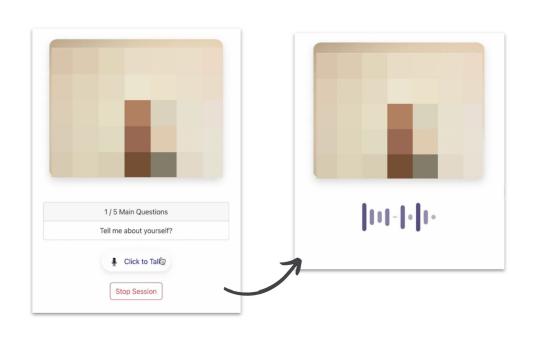
- Definition of reflection: "activity in which people recapture their experience, think about it, mull it over and evaluate it" (Boud et al., 2013)
- 3 key components for supporting reflections (Slovak et al., 2017):
 - Explicit: reconstructing an experience for learning
 - Social: providing a supportive learning environment
 - Personal: relies on learners' motivation to actively learn

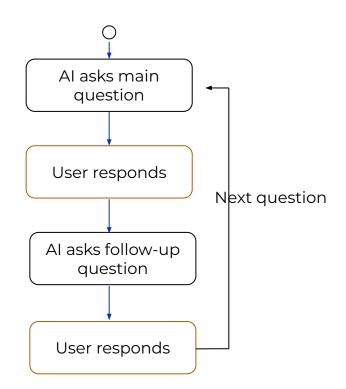
Conversate: Al-Mediated Interview Practice

An interactive web-based application that leverages LLMs to facilitate reflective learning through interactive interview simulation, Al-assisted annotation, and dialogic feedback for job interview practice.

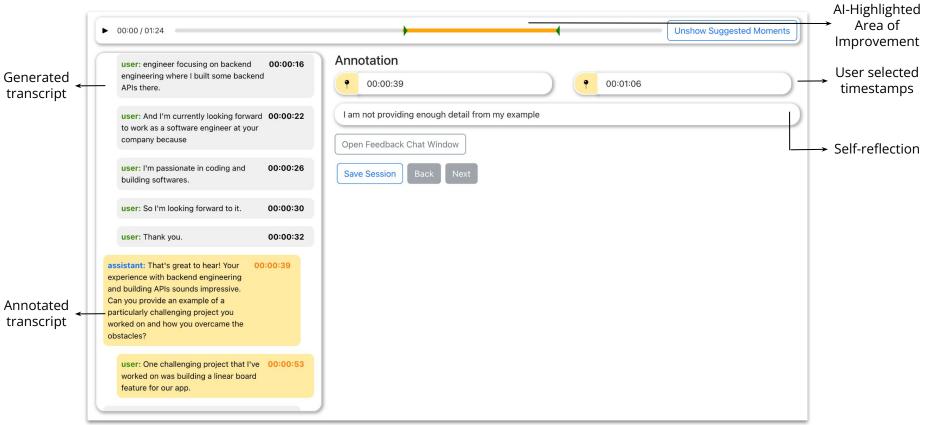


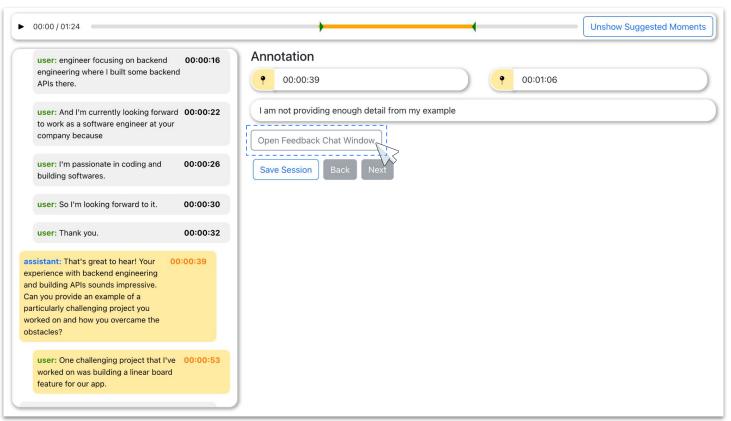
1. Interview Simulation

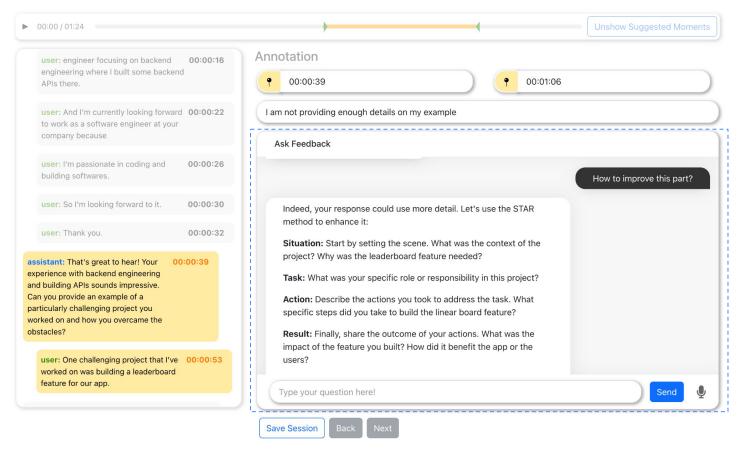


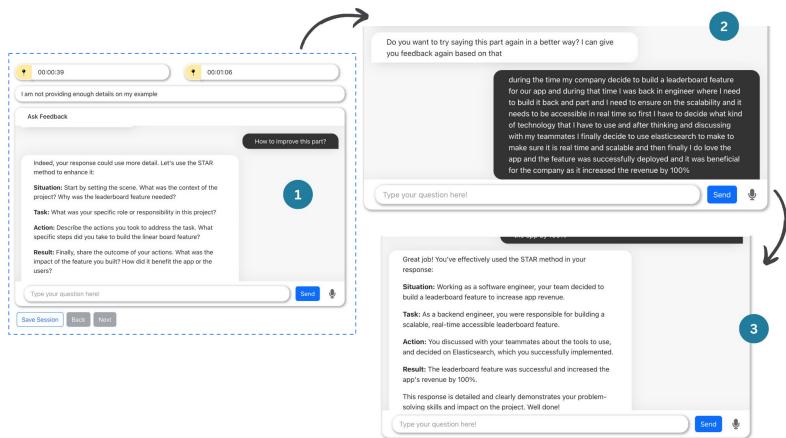


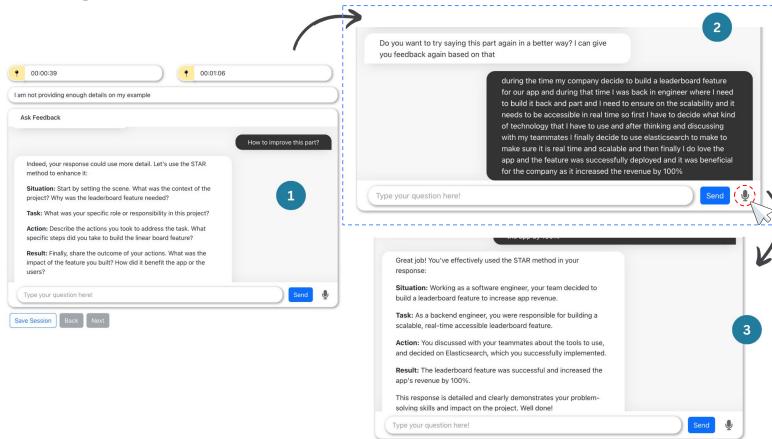
2. Al-Assisted Annotation

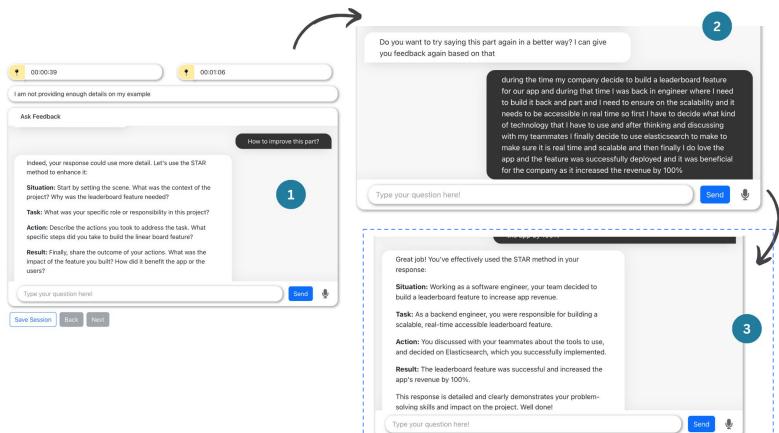


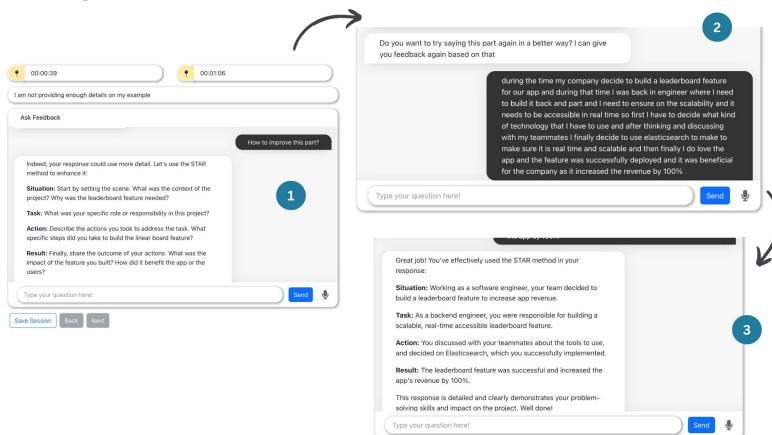




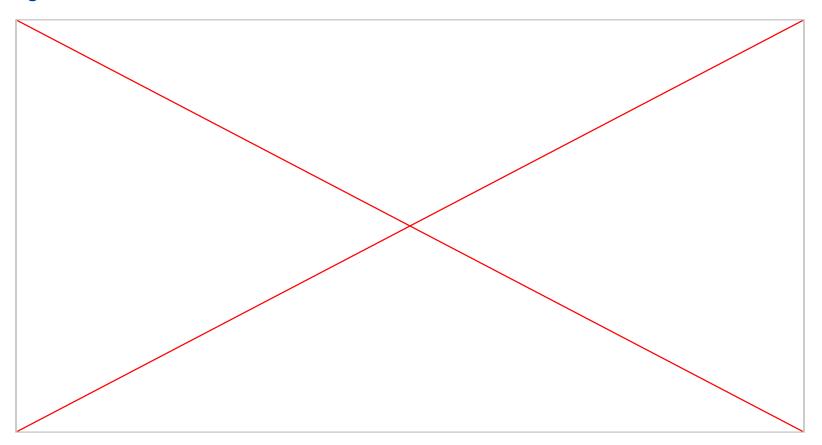








System Demo



User Study

- Method: Semi-structured interview after using the tool (qualitative evaluation). Exploring users perception towards LLM-based interview practice.
- 19 participants (college students, professional workers, unemployed)

Findings

Perceived Benefits of Interview Simulation With AI (Feature 1)

- Fostering Improvement Through Repeated Practice in a Low-Stakes Environment
 - Perceived AI as a "non-judgmental machine." (P7)

Perceived Benefits of Interview Simulation With AI (Feature 1)

- Fostering Improvement Through Repeated Practice in a Low-Stakes Environment
- Perception of AI as a More Professional Interviewer Than Peers

"Sometimes I feel like with friends, it can be a little bit more casual, and this kind of [AI] simulates a more serious environment. I actually prefer this a little bit more. [...] this experience itself was, I think, a good practice for interviews." - P10

Important factor: The AI asks very detailed follow-up questions (P5)

Perceived Benefits of Interview Simulation With AI

- Fostering Improvement Through Repeated Practice in a Low-Stakes Environment
- Perception of AI as a More Professional Interviewer Than Peers
- Contextually Relevant Follow-up Questions Encourage Deeper Thinking

Main auestion

Hi, nice to meet you. I'm the Hiring Manager for the Project Manager position. Can you please tell me about yourself?

[...] my background is in account management and customer success. So I did that for a couple of years and then eventually during the pandemic made the transition to [...] supporting some large and small scale clients in the pharmaceutical and healthcare lines of business.[...]

Follow-up question

It's great to hear about your background in account management and customer success as well as your experience in the pharmaceutical and healthcare industries. How do you think these experiences have equipped you to excel in a project management role?

Thank you so much for those questions. [...] First, I'll start off with my experiences ...

2. Perceived Benefits of Al-Assisted Annotation

- Reducing Cognitive Burden by Prioritizing Focus Areas.
- Mitigating Excessive Self-Criticism.

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- Mitigating Excessive Self-Criticism.

"I agree with the AI's suggestions about the areas I would need to practice more. [...] Honestly, I probably would have marked more [weak] areas for me. So I think [the AI] is being generous." - P12

However receiving extensive highlighted areas could potentially discouraging

"If [the AI] says the whole thing was bad, then there's going to be less motivation [for me] to click on every single thing and improve upon it again [...] Even though I think that the whole point is to improve. It is humbling cause we all want to be perfect the first time around [...] I think it needs to have that balance there" - P14

Perceived Benefits of Dialogic Feedback (Feature 3)

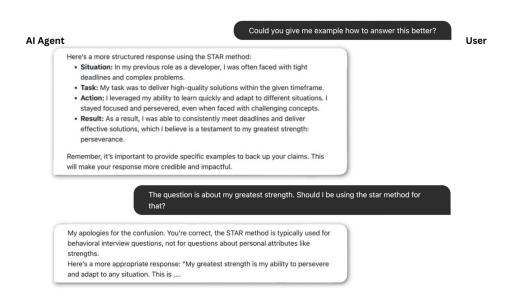
- Promotes Personalized and Continuous Learning
 - Allowed user to "continue to ask questions [to] keep advancing your response." (P17)
 - "Usually, I have small little blocks in my brain that [lead to] weird questions.
 The AI is good at answering those in dialogue rather than when you get generalized feedback." (P6)

Perceived Benefits of Dialogic Feedback (Feature 3)

- Promotes Personalized, Continuous Learning
- Helps Users Learn Without Feeling Judged
 - Engaging in dialogue with the AI "Felt less like being evaluated and more like helping you grow." (P8)

Perceived Benefits of Dialogic Feedback (Feature 3)

- Promotes Personalized, Continuous Learning
- Helps Users Learn Without Feeling Judged
- Enables Users to Express Disagreement



Key Findings: Challenges

Perceived Challenges in Using AI for Interview Simulation (Feature 1)

- Low-Stakes Environment May Not Fully Reflect Real Interviews
 - Why: "the AI is always positive or receptive to every answer" (P19)
 - Suggestion:
 - Adding variability to the AI interviewer's tone
 - Human-Al collaboration

"Maybe there can be a sort of like option where instead of the bot speaking out the question. I can show this [tool] to my friend, and he would act as the interview [...] and follow the script on a screen." - P19

Key Findings: Challenges

Perceived Challenges in Using LLM-Based Dialogic Feedback (Feature 3)

- Sycophantic Behavior in LLM During Dialogic Feedback
 - The AI tends to agree with the user whenever the user expresses disagreement

"I thought that it makes sense for you to just say [if] I disagree. But then it just kind of ended up agreeing with me.[...] But it's a good option. " - P14

Key Findings: Challenges

Perceived Challenges in Using LLM-Based Dialogic Feedback (Feature 3)

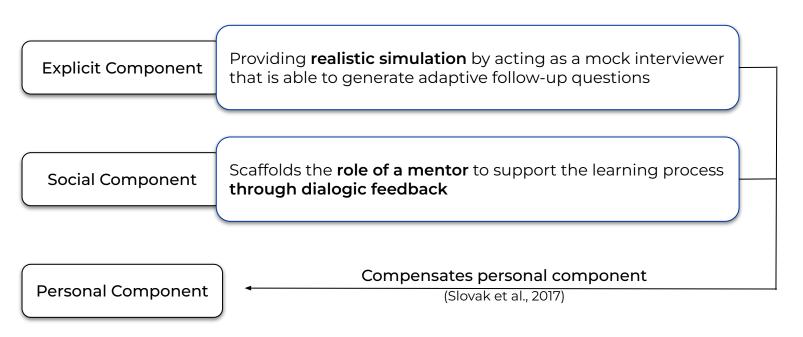
- Sycophantic Behavior in LLM During Dialogic Feedback
- Never-Ending Revision May Trigger Self-Frustration.

"I feel disappointed sometimes when I know that I've not quite improved. However, I feel happy because at least I've got a [feedback], because if I'm not really doing well, that's the truth, and I need to improve. [...] But sometimes I'm so annoyed with myself, not the AI but myself. Maybe because I didn't didn't get something right, or I didn't improve as much as I wished to." - P2

This behavior may cause a shift from learning the core concepts to simply seeking AI approval (P10).

The Role of LLM in Supporting Reflective Learning in Interview Practice

3 key components for supporting reflections (Slovak et al., 2017):



Leveraging LLMs for Dialogic Feedback



Benefits:

- Promoting personalized and continuous learning
- Reduces the feelings of judgment

potentially increase the acceptance and internalization of the feedback (Winstone et al., 2017)



Challenges: Sycophantic behaviour of LLM



Implication: A shift towards more dynamic and human-like interactions between users and AI systems, especially in a learning context

Reshaping Learners as Active Agents in Human-Al Collaborative Learning

Learners are not merely recipients of information but active agents who actively seek information for learning (Boud, 2015)

- Our study provides examples that positioning humans as active agents can potentially support the learning process
- Challenge: maintaining the learner's motivation to engage consistently in the process can be challenging



Future work: How to find the balance between having learners as active agents and when the AI should take a more proactive role in engaging the learners in the process?

Other Future Works

- Technical evaluation of the LLM output and feedback in interview practice
- Longitudinal study to measure the efficacy of LLM-based interview practice
- Integrating LLM-based practice alongside conventional interview preparation

Thank You

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